Taxonomies in Support of Search by Heather Hedden

Taxonomy Boot Camp Washington, DC

November 17, 2025

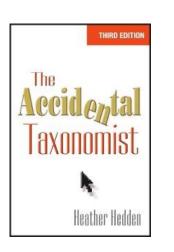


About Heather Hedden

- Independent taxonomy consultant, Hedden Information Management
- Instructor of online and corporate taxonomy courses and workshops
- Previously a taxonomy consultant in consulting firms, Enterprise Knowledge and PPC, and a contract consultant for others.
- Former taxonomy-related roles at Northern Light, Semantic Web Company, Gale/Cengage, Viziant, and First Wind.
- Author of The Accidental Taxonomist, 3rd ed. (2022, Information Today, Inc.)







Outline

- Background and Historical Trends
- Scenarios for Information Seeking
- Search on Taxonomy Terms
- Faceted Taxonomies
- Post Search Refinement
- Creating Synonyms and Search Thesauri
- Taxonomies in Support for Querying

Background

What you can do with a taxonomy



Search: find content about.... (search string matches taxonomy concepts)



 Topic browse: explore subjects arranged in a hierarchy and then content on the subject



 Faceted (filtering/refining) search: find content meeting a combination of basic criteria



 Discovery: find other content tagged with same concepts as tagged to found content; explore broader, narrower, and (sometimes) related taxonomy topics



 Tagging: index content consistently so that retrieval is comprehensive and accurate



 Content curation: create feeds or alerts based on user profile (personalization) and taxonomy concepts tagged



Metadata management: for retrieval, identification, comparison, analysis, etc.



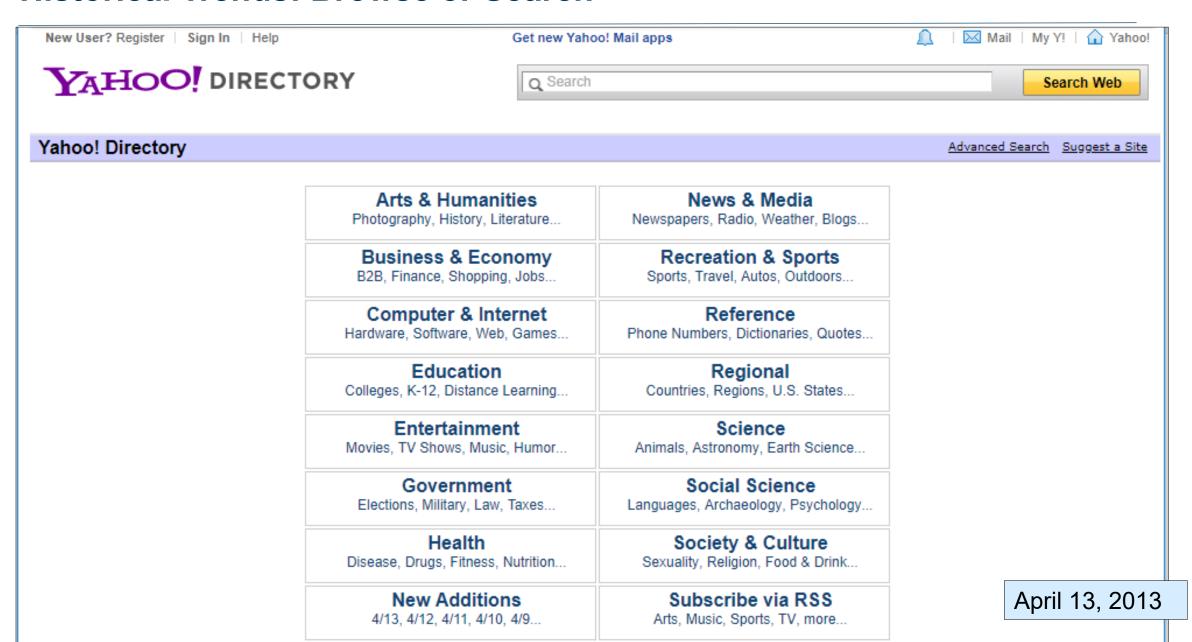
Combine with an ontology for even more capabilities

Historical Trends of Taxonomies and Search in User Interfaces

- Originally, full taxonomy hierarchical browse or thesaurus alphabetical browse.
 Search introduced as separate from browse taxonomies.
 Browse or Search.
- 2. Full, large taxonomies came to be displayed less. Search added *on* taxonomy terms.
- 3. Search on more than just the taxonomy terms.

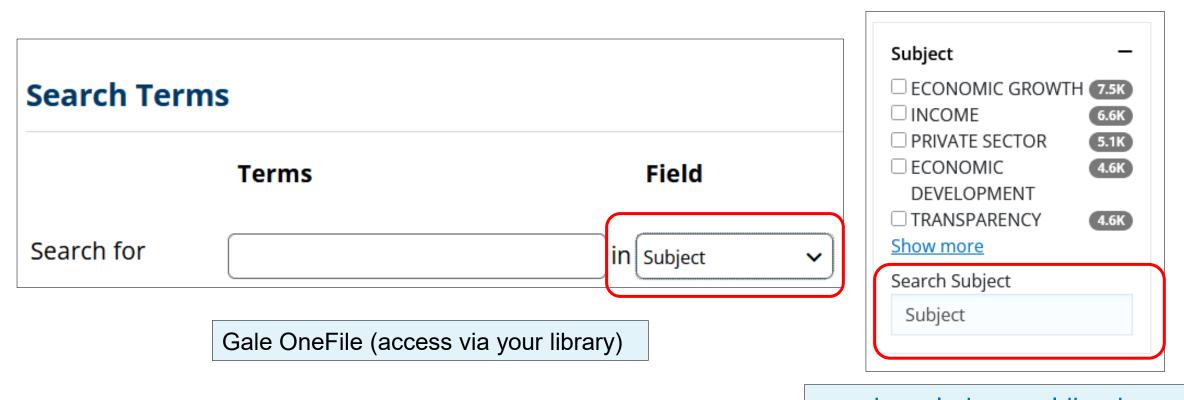
 Search on a *combination* of taxonomy terms and words in titles, headings, captions, and full text, with greater weighting on tagged taxonomy terms.
- Faceted taxonomies combining search and limited browsing.
 Especially with smaller controlled vocabularies.
- Large taxonomies/thesauri also integrated into faceted displays.
 Taxonomy terms as post-search filters.
- 6. GenAl prompts and queries searching with full questions, not just keywords

Historical Trends: Browse or Search



6

Historical Trends: Search on Taxonomies



openknowledge.worldbank.org

Scenarios for Information Seeking

When do people tend to search vs. browse vs. query?

Search



- For finding something
 - Finding content items (documents, pages, images) on a specific topic.
 Traditional topic-based search.
 - Finding something specific: a document, an image, a video, a sound recording, a product, a service

Browse



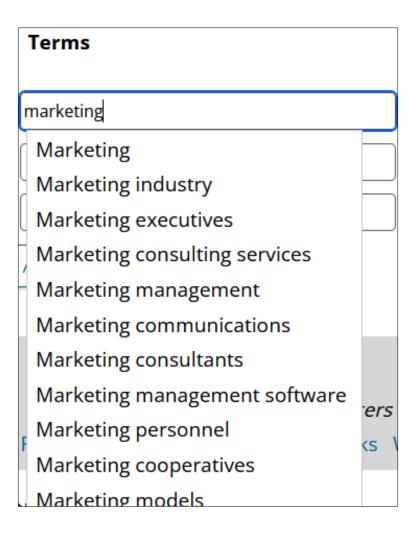
- For exploring or seeking to discover something
 - An image or digital asset *suitable* for a use, a gift for someone, media or entertainment experience (with more control than recommendations)
- Query



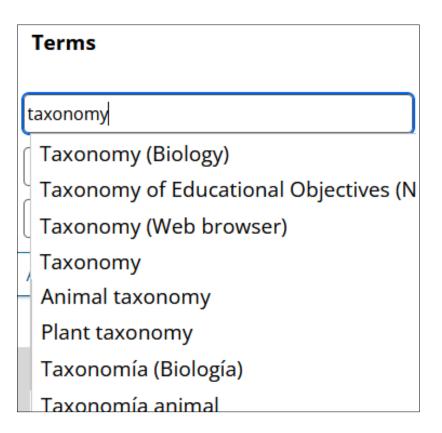
- For getting information
 - An answer to a question (simple or complex), inferencing from data, or doing research

Search on Taxonomy Terms

Type ahead or auto-complete



Auto-suggest



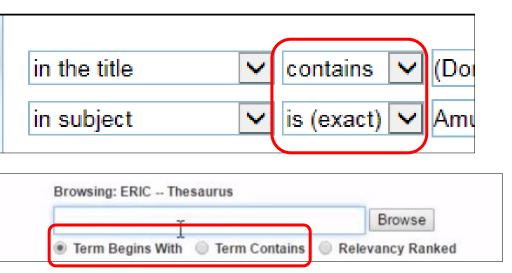
Search on Taxonomy Terms

Search Types

- Exact exact match
- Contains exact match phrase with additional words before or after
- Begins alphabetical from start, but allows end truncation (type-ahead)
- Smart words within the term in any order and internal word stemming

Offering users such options is more common in library systems.





Search on Synonyms (Alternative Labels) of Concepts

Searches may match on alternative labels of concepts, too.

Demo example from PoolParty Help

Search matches to dropdown terms:

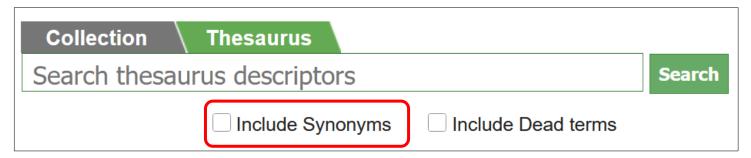
CSV import column format

Excel import format

Spreadsheet import format

Are all alternative labels for the concept: Spreadsheet import format

ERIC Institute of Education Sciences thesaurus



Gov.uk demo link

Search on Taxonomy Terms in Context

Terms in the context of concept scheme, facet, or metadata property

GraphSearch
Context PoolParty Product

Recommendation search engine
Context: Technologies and Applications

Elasticsearch
Context: Technologies and Applications

Search Space
Context: PoolParty Product

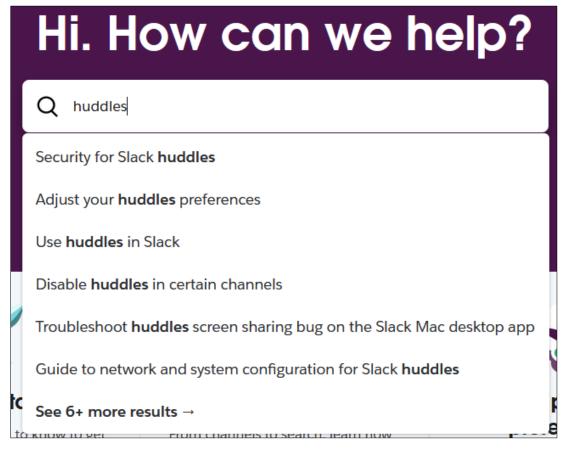
help.poolparty.biz

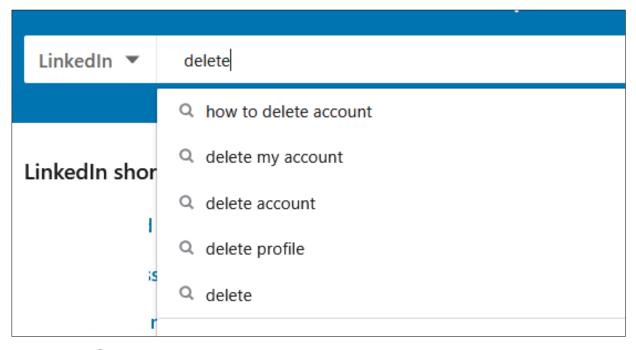
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Search the OKR			
sustainable			
COLLECTION			
Inspection Panel Emerging Lessons Series			
Environment and Sustainable Development			
Sustainable Infrastructure			
AUTHOR			
Global Platform for Sustainable Cities	10		
Sustainable Banking Network	0		
Sustainable Mobility for All	0		
SUBJECT			
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT	1904		
SUSTAINABLE GROWTH	605		
SUSTAINABLE ENERGY	338		
SUSTAINABLE USE	267		
SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT	258		
SUSTAINABLE FOREST MANAGEMENT	149		
JOURNAL			
World Bank Economic Review			

Search Not on Taxonomy Terms

Not all implementations of search suggest or auto-suggest involve taxonomies.





Search terms match past searches.

Search terms match to Help article titles.

Faceted Taxonomies as Search Refinements

"Facets" mean "face": side, dimension, aspect

- Different aspects to be used in combination
- Facets could be for question word aspects: What, Where, When, Who, Why, How
- Each facet is managed in the SKOS data model as a Concept Scheme
- Each facet tends to be a metadata property and can serve as search filter.

Examples of taxonomy facets:

- for market research: Topic, Industry, Product Type, Brand Name, Company
- for an Intranet: Department, Region, Topic, Activity, Person Name, Event
- for training content: Skill, Role, Level, Subject, Delivery Method
- for technical documentation: User Type, Content Type, Product, Feature, Topic

"Facets" tend to refer to the subset of filters that are managed as controlled vocabularies

Other metadata are not "taxonomies": date, creator, price, availability/status, etc.

Collection Type

Update Search

Subject ☐ Social Studies (4353) ■ US History (2156) Cultures (1347) ■ World History (787) ☐ Civics (692) ☐ Geography (478) (262) Arts (2852) ☐ Visual Arts (1374) **(501)** ☐ Music (234) ☐ Performing Arts (196) Language Arts And English (2088) Speaking and Listening (397) (391) ■ Writing (373) +Age Range +**Educational Features**

< Refine Search

Resources (6,757,017)

Learning Lab Collections (12,588)

Found 12,588 Learning Lab Collections



The Gre

#ArtsIntegration

Faceted taxonomies can be implemented for:

- Faceted browse: for initial for browsing
- Faceted search: for refining/limiting/filtering search results



Ancient China: Music, O Mythos, Music, and Movement in Ancient Ch

#ArtsIntegration

<u>learninglab.si.edu/search/</u>

Attributes as Search Refinements

Attributes are refinement filters on search results

- Based on additional (data type) properties metadata for taxonomy concepts or categories.
- Often used in ecommerce, hospitality offerings, media offerings, etc.
- May vary depending on the taxonomy category
- In addition to controlled vocabularies may be numbers, dates, free text, etc.
- May be managed as ontology (RDFS) data type properties, rather than as SKOS concepts in concept schemes.

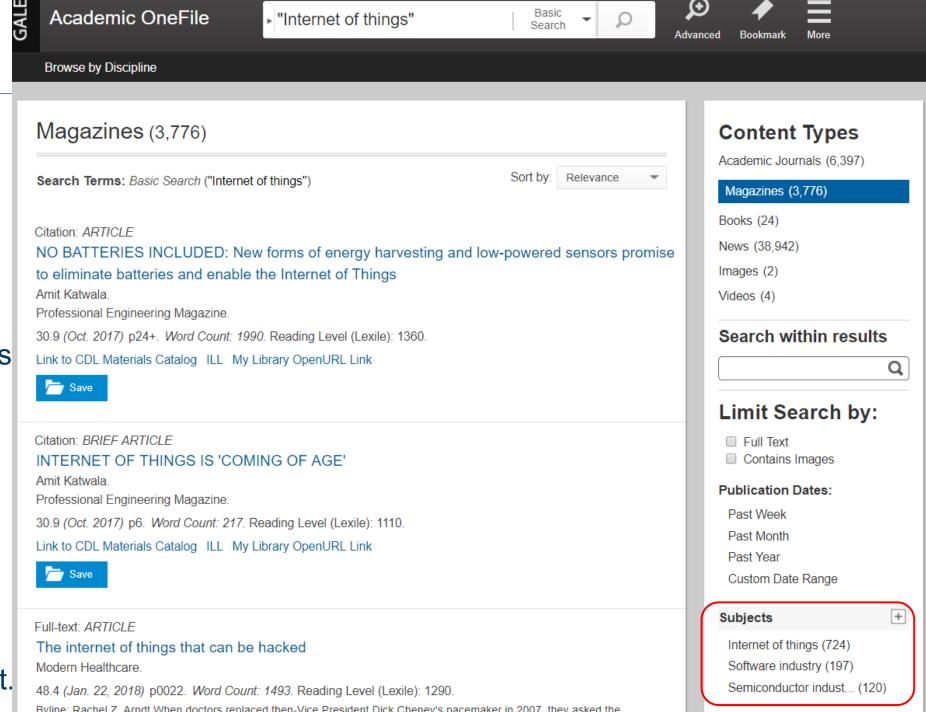
Examples of attribute metadata:

- for people: birth date, gender, occupation, nationality, phone number
- for products: brand, price, color, size, SKU number
- for documents: title, author, publication date, language, word count, file type

Brand		
Search Brand		
Lenovo		
☐ HP		
☐ Dell		
ASUS		
Microsoft		
Samsung		
LG		
Acer		
Show all (16)		
Screen Size		
10" - 11.9"		
12" - 13.9"		
14" - 15.9"		
16" or More		
RAM		
Search RAM		
128 gigabytes		
96 gigabytes		
64 gigabytes		
32.0 gigabytes		
32 gigabytes		
24 gigabytes		
16.0 gigabytes		
16 gigabytes		
Show all (11)		
Processor Model		
Search Processor Model		

Post-Search Refinement

- Search results may be refined with taxonomy terms, without it being a faceted taxonomy.
- Taxonomy terms, along with other kinds of filters, are used to limit results.
- Implemented
 especially when a
 taxonomy or
 thesaurus is large,
 with too many
 concepts to browse
 through within a facet.



Creating Synonyms for Concepts to Support Search

Alternative labels / variants / synonyms help match user search stings to strings of text in the content via controlled vocabulary (taxonomy) concepts.

- Synonyms to terms in the texts support more comprehensive tagging.
- Synonyms to user-entered search strings support more comprehensive retrieval.

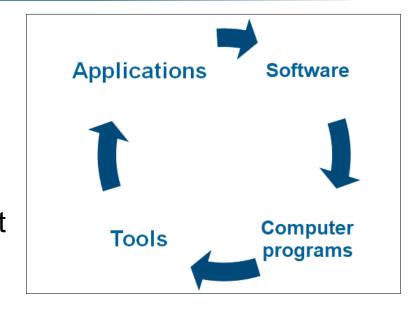
Example:

Car industry can be an alternative label for Motor vehicle industry in tagging.

- Content mentioning the car industry is about the Motor vehicle industry.
- Car industry cannot be an alternative label to Motor vehicle industry in search/retrieval.
 - A search on car industry may retrieve content about the truck industry, which was correctly tagged with Motor vehicle industry.
- Do not designate narrower terms for concepts as synonyms for search, although you can for tagging.
- Instead, have a separate "search taxonomy," a synonym ring/search thesaurus, or designate different kinds of alternative labels for a concept (such as using SKOS Hidden Label or SKOS-XL)

Search Thesauri (Synonym Rings)

- A simple controlled vocabularies with two or more synonyms for a concept, but no preferred displayed label.
- Instead of an entire separate search "taxonomy," contains just the list of terms for search
- Specifically, for matching end-user search strings to text strings in the content being searched, for commonly searched concepts by various names.



- Since synonyms are not displayed to the users, common misspellings, slang, deprecated, and potentially offensive terms may be included.
- May be the only controlled vocabulary implemented, or implemented in addition to a taxonomy use for tagging and browsing.
 - In which some of the synonyms may need to be repeated in the other taxonomy for tagging.

Search Thesauri (Synonym Rings)

Types of "synonyms" for search thesauri

- Synonyms: Cars / Automobiles
- Quasi-synonyms in common phrases: learning resources / training resource
- Variant English spellings, especially between US vs. UK spellings: center, centre
- Former and names: Bangalore / Bengaluru
- Acronyms and spelled out form: SEC / Securities and Exchange Commission
- Abbreviations and spelled out form: pharma / pharmaceutical
- Nonstandard pluralization that don't get resolved by typical stemming: mouse / mice
- Variations of using a space: data mart / datamart
- Use of special characters or not: 401(k), 401k

1	Synonym 1	Synonym 2	Synonym 3
819	geese	goose	
820	GenAl	Gen Al	Generative AI
821	genera	genus	
822	generalisation	generalization	

Tagging Synonyms and Rules for Auto-tagging

Synonyms/alternative labels for auto-tagging need to:

- Anticipate a greater number of variations that my appear in texts than needed for manual tagging or for end-user browsing/drop-down
- Disambiguate different meanings of the same word or name.

Including Boolean logic-based rules is a method of auto-tagging.

- Can substitute for numerous alternative labels with proximity operators
- Can incorporate disambiguation with NOT operator

Rule to find in text: transportation near:4 (regulation or regulations or law or laws or policy or legislation)

To tag with the concept: Transportation regulation

Rule to find in text: Acerta near:15 (automotive or (manufacturing near:3 (platform or software)))

To tag with the concept: Acerta Analytics

Rule to find in text: BrightPath not (solar or Solar)

To tag with the concept: BrightPath Early Learning

Taxonomies in Support of Querying

Standard Chatbots and Question Answering Systems



- Users ask question in natural language to get answers.
- Natural language processing (NLP) parses questions, which are matched to taxonomy terms that have been tagged to answers.

LLM-based Generative AI systems

Taxonomies can provide context for language models and thus more accurate results, especially for LLMs used within an enterprise.

- Context of the subject of the content being queried
- Context of the subject of the content used for training the model

RAG (Retrieval Augmented Generation), supported by taxonomies by:

- structuring the knowledge that RAG retrieves.
- providing RAG systems with domain-specific terminology
- ensuring that the retrieved content is both topically related but semantically correct

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Scenarios for Information Seeking with Taxonomies

Search types vary:

(for enterprise, intranet, website CMS, not the Web)

- For a certain document: Search on title may be good, but better with facets on source, date, etc.
- For information on a topic: A topical taxonomy is best.
- For complex queries: A taxonomy + ontology with semantic relations
- For data: A taxonomy + ontology in a knowledge graph (graph data)
- How to do something: A taxonomy for a category, and good text analytics/NLP based search
- Other questions: A taxonomy combined with a QA system or GenAI + LLMs if the repository is trained, enhanced with RAG

Further Reading on Taxonomies and Search

The Accidental Taxonomist Blog posts:

Topical Taxonomies for Filtering Searches, September 2024

Synonym Rings (or Search Thesaurus), April 2024

Faceted Search vs. Faceted Browse, April 2012

Presentation slides:

Indexes, Search, and Taxonomies: Paths to Findability, January 2025

Semantic Search: Implementations for Your Enterprise, November 2022

Taxonomies in Support of Search, October 2018

General Taxonomy Resources

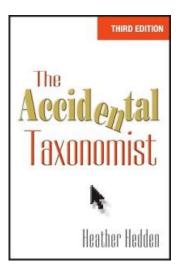
- ANSI/NISO Z39.19-2005 (2010) Guidelines for Construction, Format, and Management of Monolingual Controlled Vocabularies
 www.niso.org/publications/ansiniso-z3919-2005-r2010
- The Accidental Taxonomist Blog <u>http://accidental-taxonomist.blogspot.com</u>
- Accidental Taxonomist book websites www.hedden-information.com/accidental-taxonomist/websites
- Hedden Information Management past presentations www.hedden-information.com/presentations
- Hedden Information Management taxonomy training www.hedden-information.com/courses-workshops
- Taxonomy Talk, taxonomists community on Discord <u>https://discord.com/invite/3qyMVYCAsw</u>

Questions/Contact

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